

# ON GENERALIZED WELL-FOUNDED MODELS FOR LOGIC PROGRAMS

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Dedicated to Professor Dr. Ion Vaduva at his 70-th anniversary

## Abstract

We consider a general logic program in sense Gelder, a partial  $L$ -interpretation defined on a complete lattice of truth values, denoted  $L$ , introduced by us. For a partial  $L$ -interpretation there is a unique family of disjoint sets on Herbrand base of the program  $P$ . The notions of weak  $L$ -model and  $L$ -model for  $P$  are defined. For the program  $P$  and a logic value  $v$ , two operators are defined. The first one is denoted by  $G_v$  and the second one is denoted by  $\overline{M}_v$ . For a truth value  $v$  from  $L$ , using the two operators  $G_v$  and  $\overline{M}_v$ , a new operator  $\overline{W}_v$  is defined for the program  $P$ . The fixed points of  $\overline{W}_v$  constitute a new semantics called  $L$ -valued generalized well-founded semantics for  $P$  and  $v$  on a complete lattice  $L$ . In the case the lattice  $L$  contains only *true* and *false* values, the new well-founded semantics coincides with the classical well-founded semantics and it is more general than the  $L$ -valued well-founded semantics defined by us in a precedent article.

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